2024 Table of Detected Regulated Contaminants For Lewis and Clark Regional Water System (EPA ID 2288)

Terms and abbreviations used in this table:

* Maximum Contaminant Level Goal(MCLG): the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

* Maximum Contaminant Level(MCL): the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

* Action Level(AL): the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. For Lead and Copper, 90% of the samples must be below the AL.

* Treatment Technique(TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. For turbidity, 95% of samples must be less than 0.3 NTU

* Running Annual Average(RAA): Compliance is calculated using the running annual average of samples from designated monitoring locations.

Units:

*MFL: million fibers per liter *mrem/year: millirems per year(a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

*NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

*pCi/l: picocuries per liter(a measure of radioactivity) *ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter(mg/l) *ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter(ug/l) *ppt: parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter *ppq: parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter *pspm: positive samples per month

Substance	90% Level	Test Sites > Action Level	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (AL)	ldeal Goal	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Copper	0.0	0		AL=1.3	0	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from
Lead	0	0		AL=15	0	ppb	wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.

Substance	Highest Level Detected	Range	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (MCL)	ldeal Goal (MCLG)	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Arsenic	5		10/31/22	10	0	ppb	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics
							production wastes.
Barium	0.015		10/31/22	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	0.4		09/09/24	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural
							deposits.

Please direct questions regarding this information to Mr Jim Auen with the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System public water system at (605)624-8700.

2024 Table of Detected Regulated Contaminants For Clay RWS/South Union (EPA ID 2185)

Terms and abbreviations used in this table:

* Maximum Contaminant Level Goal(MCLG): the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

* Maximum Contaminant Level(MCL): the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

* Action Level(AL): the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. For Lead and Copper, 90% of the samples must be below the AL.

* Treatment Technique(TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. For turbidity, 95% of samples must be less than 0.3 NTU

* Running Annual Average(RAA): Compliance is calculated using the running annual average of samples from designated monitoring locations.

Units:

*MFL: million fibers per liter *mrem/year: millirems per year(a measure of radiation absorbed by the body) *NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units				*ppm: parts p	per million, or	a measure of ra milligrams per nicrograms per	liter(mg/l) *ppq: parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter
Substance	90% Level	Test Sites > Action Level	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (AL)	ldeal Goal	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Copper	0.5	0	08/10/22	AL=1.3	0	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
Lead	3	1	08/10/22	AL=15	0	ppb	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.

Substance	Highest Level Detected	Range	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (MCL)	ldeal Goal (MCLG)	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Arsenic	1.00	1.00 - 1.00	06/06/22	10	0	ppb	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	0.0037	0.0037 - 0.0037	06/06/22	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Chromium	0.55	0.55 - 0.55	06/06/22	100	100	ppb	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Haloacetic Acids (RAA)	3.37		09/10/24	60	0	ppb	By-product of drinking water chlorination. Results are reported as a running annual average of test results.
Total trihalomethanes (RAA)	12.3		09/10/24	80	0	ppb	By-product of drinking water chlorination. Results are reported as a running annual average of test results.

Please direct questions regarding this information to Mr Rob Ganschow with the Clay RWS/South Union public water system at (605)267-2088.

2024 Table of Detected Regulated Contaminants For Clay Rural Water System (EPA ID 0626)

Terms and abbreviations used in this table:

* Maximum Contaminant Level Goal(MCLG): the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

* Maximum Contaminant Level(MCL): the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

* Action Level(AL): the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. For Lead and Copper, 90% of the samples must be below the AL.

* Treatment Technique(TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. For turbidity, 95% of samples must be less than 0.3 NTU

* Running Annual Average(RAA): Compliance is calculated using the running annual average of samples from designated monitoring locations.

Units:

*MFL: million fibers per liter *mrem/year: millirems per year(a measure of radiation absorbed by the body) *NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units			*ppm: parts p	er million, or i	a measure of ra milligrams per nicrograms per	liter(mg/l) *ppq: parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter	
Substance	90% Level	Test Sites > Action Level	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (AL)	ldeal Goal	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Copper	0.0	0	07/17/24	AL=1.3	0	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.
Lead	1	0	07/17/24	AL=15	0	ppb	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.

Substance	Highest Level Detected	Range	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (MCL)	ldeal Goal (MCLG)	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Barium	0.0055	0.0055 - 0.0055	11/15/21	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Chromium	0.90	0.90 - 0.90	11/15/21	100	100	ppb	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	0.04		09/09/24	1	1	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
Total Coliform Bacteria	3	positive samples		1	0	pspm	Naturally present in the environment.

Please direct questions regarding this information to Mr Rob Ganschow with the Clay Rural Water System public water system at (605)267-2088.